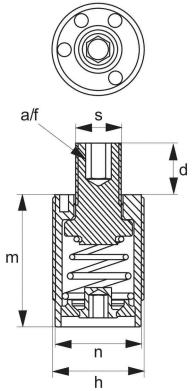
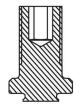
.38" engagement









stud and spring 12080.W5023



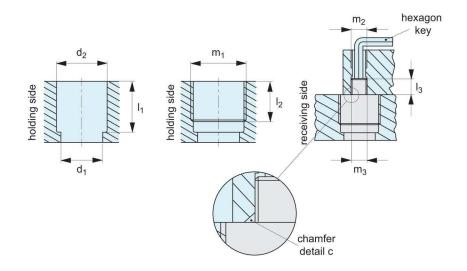
cover 12080.W5028



12080.W0021

Order No.	Description	Size	s UNC -2A	d ± ,015	h UNF- 2A-LH	m ± ,001	n	a/f	Max. torque ft. lbs	Inst. tool 12089
12080.W0021	Inverta-bolt	1/2	1/2-13	0,385	1-12	1,15	0,905	1/4	64	.W0002
12080.W5021	Refurb kit	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12080.W5023	Stud/spring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12080.W5028	Cover	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Order No.	d_1	d ₂ x0,015R		l ₂	I ₃	m ₁ UNF-2B	m ₂	m ₃	Housing			
			I_1						С		Stud	
									45°	torque ft.	depth	
						-LH				lbs		
12080.W0021	3/4	0,92/0,928	1,152	0.95	0.45	1-12	27/64	1/2-13	0,6	35-40	0,4	





Material

Housing - stainless steel Stud - stainless steel Covers - stainless steel

Technical Notes

For installation tools and other accessories see part 12089.

Tips

Inverta-bolts, think of them as a quick change bolt with the added benefit of no time wasted. Always in your fixture, consistent repeated clamping of components. No vibration, no warped components and no obstruction to the drill head path. Cut set-up time and reduce costs.



Rid yourself of clamps and bolts

Introduction

Get rid of clamps and bolts, replace them with Invert-a-bolt (IVB) fasteners. These unique, flush mounted, captive fasteners eliminate obstructions to machining, reduce vibration in your setup and lower cost.

Think of them as a quick change bolt, with the added benefits of never wasting time to grind a bolt to size, nor stop your machine to change clamps. No more warped components due to clamp being over tightened.

IVBs are always in your fixture, always consistently the same length. Simply screw the larger housing diameter into the fixture plate and bring the inner diameter or stud up into your component's stock material – for a superior holding solution.

In high-speed horizontal applications IVBs are often incorporated for workholding to reduce the risk of tooling clashes. The tiny foot print and "base up" holding power means the IVB presents little risk to high speed spindles.

Great for high speed machining

- Eliminate vibration in the setup. Stable setups enable use of optimal feed-rates for most efficient use of the machine tool.
- Eliminate obstructions to the work environment. Obstructions create hazards which ultimately incur additional and unnecessary costs.

Better than a clamp

- Won't induce warping or other stresses into components.
- Eliminate clamp obstruction.
- Eliminate clamp changes.
- Quick and easy to install and use clamp and unclamp in seconds.

Better than a bolt

- Tiny footprint of the IVB almost completely eliminates it from the tool path.
- Machine right over the top of an IVB, while continuing to hold securely.

Invert-a-bolt's impressive features

How they work

- Larger outer (housing) diameter screws into the fixture plate, until flush with the surface.
- The smaller (stud) diameter screws in and out of the larger housing diameter.
- When in use the smaller stud diameter screws into the component material to hold it in place while machining.
- When not in use the smaller stud diameter can be locked inside the outer diameter, below the fixture surface.

The Invert-a-bolt solution • Self contained.

- Easy to install.
- Easy to maintain.
- Low cost.
- Proven track record of use in the Aerospace industry.

Invert-a-bolt advantages

- Reduce stock size/wastage on every component.
- Reduce number of setups by eliminating clamp changes.
- Reduce fixture size by eliminating clamps.
- Eliminate bridge fixtures.
- Reduce programming headaches.







Uses and applications

Begin with a baseplate, the proper number of IVB Smart Locators and IVB Reicevers.



How to use Invert-a-bolt



Install IVB Smart Locators into the baseplate using a hex wrench.



Hex key



Load vise over the IVB Smart Locators and onto the baseplate.



Locating receiver



Locating post

 ${\tt Install\ IVB\ Receiver\ Locators.}$



- High speed machining.
- Modular tooling.
- Assembly jigs.
- Dedicated fixturing.



Lean Manufacturing with Invert-a-bolts

typical usage



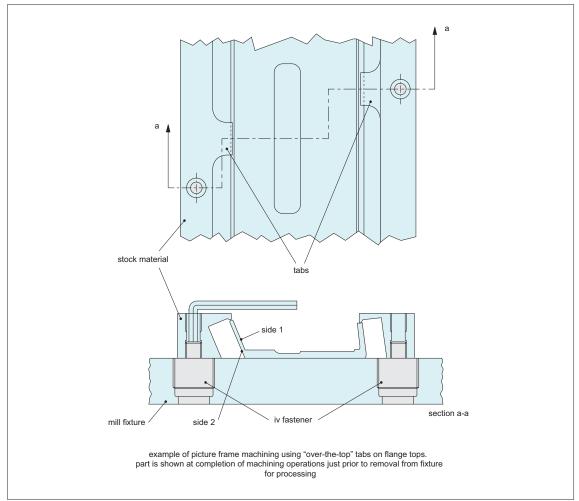
Invert-A-Bolt™ products are routinely used to implement lean manufacturing initiatives in the work environment. By eliminating dedicated fixturing and the related costs (tool design, manufacture, maintenance & storage) and creating standardized tooling & work practices, it is possible to become significantly more efficient & productive.

Typical usage of an IVB consists of setting up a part in a picture-frame, using the fasteners at the tab locations for hold down, while simultaneously locating at the bushed hole locations in the fixture. The picture frame machining concept is ideal for many parts since hard location against datums is not required.

Typical machining sequence

Typical machining sequence for over-the-top tabbing in picture frame machining configuration using IVB fasteners:

- 1. Prep the stock to accept the IVB fasteners and locator pins. Prep for the fasteners consist of drilling a through hole and tapping (or thread-milling) a thread for about 1/2" deep. Prep for the locators would be a drill/ream operation for whatever size locating pin is to be used.
- 2. Load the stock into the fixture. Rough side 1 of the part. No clamps are used. Nothing is in the way of the machining. No clamp changes or avoidance of clamps is required. This looks like a pocketing operation. It's best to leave the excess on the flange top to keep the setup rigid as possible. At the IVB fastener locations, tap the thread about 1/2" deep.
- 3. Flip the part over, locating on the outer "frame" which should be at the height of most of the internal ribs. Shim as required, and rough/finish side 2. Locate as much as possible of the stock material on the base plate. This adds stability to the process versus having it up in the air while machining. Again, no provision for clamps is made. Side 2 is completed including the outside mold line.
- 4. Flip the part over. Finish Side 1 except the tops of the flanges.
- 5. Last operation thin the tabs to aprox. .02"-.03". Part is complete.
- 6. Snap the tabs and perform minimal handwork to top of flange to clean up.



Installation Guidance

operating instructions and maintenance



IVB fastener ideal for connecting two materials or objects together, especially when an unobtrusive connection is desired.

Operating instructions

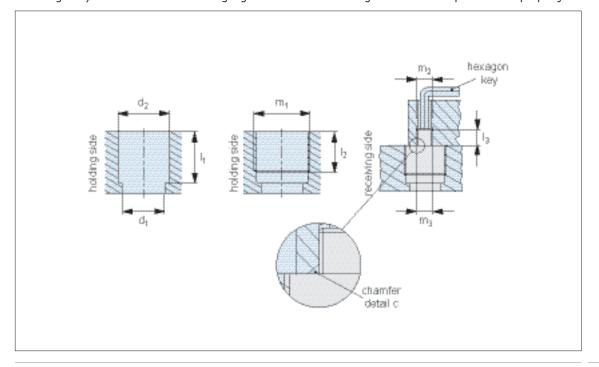
Installation requires simple preparation of the "holding" side for the housing thread, and the "receiving" side for the stud thread. For relevant dimension values, refer to the individual product pages.

Installation example base on part no. 12080.W0021

To acheive flush mounting

- 1. Prepare the "holding" side in the following manner:
 - a. Drill a through hole to diameter d_1 (3/4").
 - b. Counter bore hole d_2 (.92/.928" x 0.15"R), to a depth of l_1 (1.152").
 - c. Tap (or thread) m_1 (1"-12UNF-2B-LH) to a depth of l_2 (.950").
- 2. Prepare the "receiving" side for the stud threads:
 - a. Tap drill m_2 (27/64") diameter through. Counter sink .60" dia x 45 degrees on receiving side of component.
 - b. Tap m_3 ($\frac{1}{2}$ "-13), to a depth of l_3 (.45").

Once holding side and receiving side have been prepared, simply screw the IVB fastener into the threaded hole (m_1) using the insertion tool. Torque to 35-40 ft. lbs. Place the receiving side tapped hole (m_3) directly above the IVB fastener. Reach through the (m_3) hole with your hex head wrench until contacting the hex head broach in the IVB stud. Start turning counter-clockwise lifting you hex head wrench at the same time. The stud will proceed into the (m_3) tapped hole. Tighten until the stud is fully engaged (approx. .40 inches in the receiving side) at 35 ft. lbs. Use a feeler gauge to insure the receiving side material is pulled down properly.



Periodically remove the IVB for cleaning. The fastener can be disassembled by removing the cover in the base of the IVB, which then can be blown out to clean our accumulated metal chips and debris. For faster cleaning, simply hose water through the top of the fastener, allowing the debris to pass through the slots in the base of the product. Inspect for worn parts and purchase spares as required.

Maintenance

